unsubstituted or substituted, straight chain or branched chain, hydrophobic, hydrophilic or fluorophilic;

R₂ and R₃ are independently or both H or halogen;

Ro is halogen;

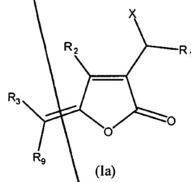
Z is independently selected from R_6 , halogen, OOH, OC(O) R_6 , oxo, amine, azide, thiol, mercaptoalkyl, alkenyloxy, mercaptoalkenyl, aryloxy, mercaptoaryl, arylalkyloxy, mercaptoarylalkyl, SC(O) R_6 , OS(O) R_6 , OS(O) R_6 , NHC(O) R_6 = NR $_4$ or NHR $_4$; and

R₄ is OH, alkyl, alkoxy, poly(ethylene glycol), alkenyl, aryl or arylalkyl, provided that:

when R_6 is propyl, R_2 is Br, R_3 is H or Br and R_9 is Br, then Z is other than H, OC(O)CH₃ or OH;

when R_6 is propyl, R_2 is Br, R_3 is H and R is I, then Z is other than OC(O)CH₃ or OH; when R_6 is propyl, R_2 is Br, R is H and R is Cl, then Z is other than OH; when R_6 is propyl, R_2 is H, R_3 and R are Br, then Z is other than H; and when R_6 is propyl, R_2 is Br, R_9 is Cl and Z is H, then R_3 is other than Cl.

2. (amended) A compound according to formula (Ia):



wherein R₁ is hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy, oxealkyl, alkenyl, aryl or arylalkyl whether unsubstituted or substituted, straight chain or branched chain, hydrophobic, hydrophilic or fluorophilic;

X is a halogen, OH, OOH, OC(O)R₁ or oxo;

R₂ and R₃ are independently or both hydrogen or halogen; and

R, is halogen,

provided that:

when R_1 is propyl, R_2 is Br, R_3 is H or Br and R_2 is Br, then X is other than OC(O)CH₃ or OH;

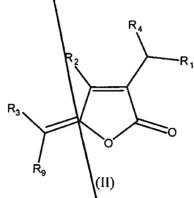
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when R_1 is propyl, R_2 is Br, R_3 is H and R_9 is I, then X is other than OC(O)CH, or OH; and

when R_1 is propyl, R_2 is Br, R_3 is H, R_9 is Cl, then X is other than OH.

3. (amended) A compound according to formula (II):

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wherein R₁ is hydrogen, unsubstituted or substituted, straight chain or branched chain, hydrophobic, hydrophilic or fluorophilic alkyl, alkoxy, oxoalkyl, alkenyl, aryl or arylalkyl;

R₂ and R₃ are independently or both hydrogen or halogen;

R₉ is halogen; and

 R_4 is selected from halogen, amine, azide, hydroxyl, thiol, or hydrophobic, hydrophilic or fluorophilic alkyl, alkoxy, mercaptoalkylalkenyloxy, mercaptoalkyl, aryloxy, mercaptoaryl, arylalkyloxy, mercaptoarylalkyl, $OC(O)R_1$, $SC(O)R_1$, $OS(O)_2R_1$, $NHC(O)R_1$, $OC(O)NHR_1$, or oxo,

provided that:

when R_4 is propyl, R_2 is Br, R_3 is H or Br, and R_1 is Br, then R_1 is other than H, OC(O)CH₃ or OH;

when R_4 is propyl, R_2 is Br, R_3 is H, R_9 is I, then R_1 is other than OC(O)CH, or OH; when R_4 is propyl, R_2 is Br, R_3 is H, R_9 is Cl, then R_1 is other that OH; when R_4 is propyl, R_2 is H, R_3 and R_9 are Br, then R_4 is other than H; and when R_4 is propyl, R_2 is Br, R_3 and R_9 are Cl, then R_4 is other than H.

4. (amended) A compound according to formula (III):

$$R_2$$
 R_3
 R_9
(III)

wherein R₂ and R₃ are independently or both hydrogen or halogen;

R₅ is OH or the same as R₁;

Ro is halogen; and

R, is hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy, oxoalkyl, alkenyl, aryl or arylalkyl whether unsubstituted or substituted, straight chain or branched chain, hydrophobic, hydrophilic or fluorophilic.

5. (amended) A compound according to formula (IV) or (V):

$$R_{3}$$
 R_{9}
 (IV)
 R_{8}
 R_{1}
 R_{2}
 R_{2}
 R_{3}
 R_{9}
 (V)

wherein R₁ is hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy, oxdalkyl, alkenyl, aryl or arylalkyl whether unsubstituted or substituted, straight chain or branched chain, hydrophobic, hydrophilic or fluorophilic;

R₂ and R₃ are independently or both hydrogen or halogen;

R₉ is halogen; and

 R_8 is OH, NHR₁, NHC(X)NH₂, NHC(X)NHR₁ or R_1 where X is O, S or NR₁.

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6. (amended) A method for forming a compound of formula (Ia), the method comprising reacting a fimbrolide with a halogenating agent and/or an oxygenating agent to form the compound of formula (Ia):

$$R_3$$
 R_9
 (Ia)

wherein R_1 is hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy, oxoalkyl, alkenyl, aryl or arylalkyl whether unsubstituted or substituted, straight chain or branched chain, hydrophobic, hydrophilic or fluorophilic; X is a halogen, OH, OOH, OC(O) R_1 or oxo;

 R_2 and R_3 are independently or both hydrogen or halogen; and R_9 is halogen.

9. (amended) A method for forming a compound of formula II, the method comprising displacing and/or functionalizing a halogen or oxygen substituent in the side chain of a fimbrolide compound by treating the fimbrolide compound with a nucleophile or an electrophile to form the compound of formula (II):

$$R_3$$
 R_9
(II)

wherein R₁ is hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy, oxoalkyl alkenyl, aryl or arylalkyl whether unsubstituted or substituted, straight chain or branched chain, hydrophobic, hydrophilic or fluorophilic;

R₂ and R₃ are independently or both hydrogen or halogen;

R₉ is halogen; and

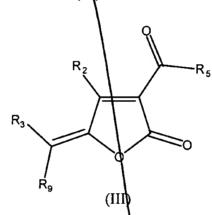
R₄ is selected from halogen, amine, azide, hydroxyl, thiol, or any hydrophobic,

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hydrophilic or fluorophilic alkyl, alkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkenyloxy, mercaptoalkenyl, aryloxy, mercaptoaryl, arylalkyloxy, mercaptoarylalkyl, $OC(O)R_1$, $OC(O)R_1$, $OS(O)_2R_1$, $OS(O)_2R_1$, $OS(O)_2R_1$, $OS(O)_3R_1$, $OS(O)_3R_2$, $OS(O)_3R_3$, O

provided that when R₄ is propyl, R₂ is Br, R₃ and R₉ are Cl, then R₁ is other than H.

12. (amended) A method for forming a compound of formula (III), the method comprising reacting an hydroxyl substituent in the side chain of a fimbrolide with an oxidising agent to form the compound in accordance with formula (III):



wherein R₂ and R₃ are independently or both hydrogen or halogen;

 R_5 is OH or the same as R_1 ;

R₉ is halogen; and

R₁ is hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy, oxoalkyl, alkenyl, aryl or arylalkyl whether unsubstituted or substituted, straight chain or branched chain, hydrophobic, hydrophilic or fluorophilic.

14. (amended) A method according to claim 13, wherein the acid dichromate agent is selected from the group consisting of a Jones reagent, pyridinium chlorochromate, and pyridinium dichromate.



15. (amended) A method for forming a compound of formula (IV) or (V), comprising reacting an aldehyde or ketone substituent in the side chain -C(O)R, of compound (III) with an amine to form a compound of formula (IV) or (V),

wherein formula (IV) and (V) are represented by:

$$R_{8}$$
 R_{1}
 R_{2}
 R_{3}
 R_{9}
 (IV)
 R_{9}
 (V)

wherein R₁ is hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy, oxoalkyl, alkenyl, aryl or arylalkyl whether unsubstituted or substituted, straight chain or branched chain, hydrophobic, hydrophilic or fluorophilic;

R₂ and R₃ are independently or both hydrogen or halogen;

R_o is halogen; and

R₈ is OH, NHR₁, NHC(X)NH₂, NHC(X)NHR₁ or R₁ where X is O, S or NR₁; and wherein formula (III) is represented by:

$$R_2$$
 R_3
 R_9
(III)

wherein R, and R, are independently or both hydrogen or halogen;

R₅ is OH or the same as R₁;

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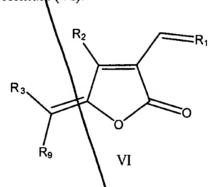
Ro is halogen; and

R, is hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy, oxoalkyl, alkenyl, aryl or arylalkyl whether unsubstituted or substituted, straight chair or branched chain, hydrophobic, hydrophilic or fluorophilic.

16. (amended) A method according to claim 15, wherein the amine is selected from hydroxyl amine hydrochloride, alkyl and aryl hydrazines, alkyl or aryl amine, optionally in the presence of a reducing agent.

17. (amended) A compound produced by the method of claim 6.

25. (amended) A compound of formula (VI):



wherein R₁ is alkyl, alkoxy, oxoalkyl, alkenyl, aryl or arylalkyl whether unsubstituted or substituted, straight chain or branched chain, hydrophilic, hydrophilic or fluorophilic;

R, and R, are independently or both hydrogen or halogen; and R_o is halogen.

27. (amended) A compound produced by the method in accordance with claim 9.

- 28. (amended) A compound produced by the method in accordance with claim 12.
- 29. (amended) A compound produced by the method in accordance with claim 15.